



????	2
????? soft links (Symbolic).....	2
tree ??.....	3
Inode ???	3
? Python ????????	4
?????????	4
?????????	4
?? IP ??	4
?????????	5
?????????????	5
history ??	5
column ??.....	6
who ??.....	6
du ????	6
sosreoprt ??????	6
??????	7
nc ????	7
?? uptime ????????	7
??????? IP address.....	8
????????? Port 27017.....	8
???? shutdown.....	8
???? mapper ID ??.....	9
?????? MAC Address	9
less +F ??? tail -f.....	9
??/?????(RPM & DPKG).....	10
?????? (port) ????	10
??????	11
ssh ????	11
GPT/MBR ??.....	11
???? 2TB ??? (GPT)	12
???????????.	13
?????????	13
Swap ????	14
Linux ??????.....	14
[PHP] ????????????	15
[PHP] ?? extension ????	15
[PHP] ?? timezone.....	15
???? Home ??	15
?? EXT3 ? AUTO FSCK.....	15
??????	16
?? DHCP Server IP.....	17
?? Linux ?????? kernel ??.....	17
?????? - bc	17
[CentOS] ????? Apache Test Page.....	17
?????? - account	17
SSHFS ?? SSH ???????	20

tar ????	21
sudo ????	21
Linux ????	22
Perl ????	22
rsync ??/???	23
?????????????	23
? JRE/JDK 6	23
??? I/O ????	24
??? partition table - partprobe	25
Putty ?? Linux ??? ncurses ??????????	25
? btmp ????????	25
??????	25
? Windows ????	25
? SELinux	26
?(NTPD)????????-timezone	26
WGET ??	28
YUM ?????	29
DNS ??? dig/host	33
? hostname???????	34
RedHat/CentOS ?????? Raid Card ????	34
CentOS 5 ??? 4GB ?? RAM	35
?????-VNC	35
RPM ????	36
????device?(/dev/sda)?LUN channel??????	37
Apache ????? Windows Active Directory ??	38
??? MRTG ??????	40
? Joomla 1.5.x ??????????????	40
? RPM???????????	40
? USB ?????????????? USB ??/??	41
NFS ????	41
???? patch/diff ??	42
? VI ???	42
? top ?????? - htop	45
? dd ??	45
ps ??	46
? ls ??	47
????	48

????

????????????

???? Firefox ????????????? ? ?????????????????????????? ?3?

????? soft links (Symbolic)

?? symlinks

```
$ sudo apt-get install symlinks
$ symlinks -r <directory-path>
$ symlinks -dr <directory-path>
```

?? find

```
# List them
$ find /usr/local/ -xtype l
$ find /usr/local/ -xtype l ! -exec test -e {} \; -print
$ find /usr/local/ -xtype l -exec ls -l {} \+
# Delete them
$ sudo find /usr/local/ -xtype l -delete
$ sudo find /usr/local/ -xtype l ! -exec test -e {} \; -delete
```

tree ??

tree --dirsfirst --filelimit 10 --sort-name

Inode ???

Example #1:

```
# pwd
/home/daygeek

# find . -printf "%h\n" | cut -d/ -f-2 | sort | uniq -c | sort -rn
43113 ./cache
16491 ./rustup
4057 ./mozilla
3257 ./Documents
3054 ./local
1869 ./config
```

Example #2:

```
# echo "Detailed Inode usage for: $(pwd)" ; for d in `find -maxdepth 1 -type d |cut -d\| -f2 |grep -xv . |sort` ; do c=$(find $d |wc -l) ; printf "$c\t$t-$d\n" ; done ; printf "Total: \t$(find $(pwd) | wc -l)\n"
```

Detailed Inode usage for: /home/alang/worktmp/Vim_ColorScheme

177	- foo
73	- Fruidle
116	- vim_colors
48	- vim-colorscheme
72	- wombat256.vim

Total: 488

? Python ????????

```
$ cd /web-root-dir
$ python -m SimpleHTTPServer 8080
```

????? http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:8080

?????????

```
// increase the rand to generate more long string
openssl rand -hex 20
```

```
cat /dev/urandom | tr -dc "a-zA-Z0-9" | fold -w 40 | head -1
```

```
< /dev/urandom tr -dc _A-Z-a-z-0-9 | head -c${1:-32};echo;
```

```
date +%s | sha256sum | base64 | head -c 32
```

?????????

```
#> ethtool eth0
```

Settings for eth0:

```
Supported ports: [ TP ]
Supported link modes: 10baseT/Half 10baseT/Full
                      100baseT/Half 100baseT/Full
                      1000baseT/Full
```

Supports auto-negotiation: Yes

```
Advertised link modes: 10baseT/Half 10baseT/Full
                      100baseT/Half 100baseT/Full
                      1000baseT/Full
```

Advertised auto-negotiation: Yes

Speed: 1000Mb/s

Duplex: Full

Port: Twisted Pair

PHYAD: 1

Transceiver: internal

Auto-negotiation: on

Supports Wake-on: g

Wake-on: g

Link detected: yes

? IP ??

```
#> arp-scan -I eth0 -l
```

192.168.1.10	00:1b:a9:63:a2:4c	BROTHER INDUSTRIES, LTD.
192.168.1.30	00:1e:8f:58:ec:49	CANON INC.

```

192.168.1.33 00:25:4b:1b:10:20   Apple, Inc
192.168.1.37 10:9a:dd:55:d7:95   Apple Inc
192.168.1.38 20:c9:d0:27:8d:56   (Unknown)
192.168.1.39 d4:85:64:4d:35:be    Hewlett Packard
192.168.1.39 00:0b:46:e4:8e:6d    Cisco (DUP: 2)
192.168.1.40 90:2b:34:18:59:c0   (Unknown)

```

#> arp-scan -I wls1 -l | uniq -D -w 15

```

192.168.1.39 d4:85:64:4d:35:be    Hewlett Packard
192.168.1.39 00:0b:46:e4:8e:6d    Cisco (DUP: 2)

```

????????

?????????

#> du -a /var | sort -n -r | head -n 10

```

$ cd /path/to/some/where
$ du -hsx * | sort -rh | head -10

```

UNIX ??????

for i in G M K; do du -ah | grep [0-9]\$i | sort -nr -k 1; done | head -n 11

? find ??

```

#> find /path/to/dir/ -printf '%s %p\n' | sort -nr | head -10
#> find . -printf '%s %p\n' | sort -nr | head -10

```

#> find /path/to/search/ -type f -printf '%s %p\n' | sort -nr | head -10

#> find /path/to/search/ -type f -iname "*.mp4" -printf '%s %p\n' | sort -nr | head -10

???????????????

```

#> dmidecode -s system-manufacturer
#> systemd-detec-virt
#> virt-what

```

history ??

- <https://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/disabl...history-linux/>
- <https://www.redhat.com/sysadmin/parsing-bash-history>

??????

NOTE: ???? .bash_profile?????????????????????

```

#> HISTTIMEFORMAT="%F %T "
#> history | tail -3
53 2016-03-02 08:27:38 nano /etc/fstab
54 2016-03-02 08:27:38 umount /mnt/NAS
55 2016-03-02 08:27:38 mount /mnt/NAS

```

column ??

???????????????

column -ts: /etc/passwd
mount | column -t**who ??**

????????

#> who
#> who -H
#> who -u
root pts/1 Jan 23 13:34 . 20153 (alanhsu.xxxx.com)
alang pts/2 Mar 22 17:41 . 4433 (10.12.25.68)

???????

pkill -HUP -u alang
kill -HUP 4433

??? runlevel

#> who -r

???????

#> who -b

du ???

?? /home ????????????????

#> du -a /home | sort -n -r | head -n 5

?????????????????????

#> du -a | sort -n -r | head -n 5

? KB, MB ??

#> du -hs * | sort -rh | head -5

?????????

#> du -Sh | sort -rh | head -5

?????????

#> find -type f -exec du -Sh {} + | sort -rh | head -n 5

#> find /home/tcmint/Downloads/ -type f -exec du -Sh {} + | sort -rh | head -n 5

sosreoprt ??????

Redhat/CentOS ? 4.6 ???

sosreport ?????

?? sosreport ??????

#> yum install sos

???????

#> sosreport

NOTE: ?????????????????? /tmp???????????? sosreport-* .tar.bz2 ???

????????????????? /tmp ?????????????

#> sosreport --tmp-dir /path/to/directory

TIPS?

sosreport ??????? <https://access.redhat.com/solutions/3592>?

?????????????

- ???????? sos_reports ???? sosreport.html ?????????????????????????????????????
- [xsos](#) - Github ???

???????

#> e2fsck -c /dev/sdb1

#> badblocks -v /dev/sdb1 > badsectors.txt

#> e2fsck -l badsectors.txt /dev/sdb1 ;for ext2/ext3/ext4 file-systems

?

#> fsck -l badsectors.txt /dev/sdb1

yum install smartmontools

smartctl -H /dev/sdb1

nc ???

nc - netcat ??

??????? port ????

> nc -vew 2 www.google.com 80

Connection to www.google.com 80 port [tcp/http] succeeded!

?? **uptime** ????????

uptime

```
uptime
awk '{print "up " $1 /60 " minutes"}' /proc/uptime
w
```

???????

```
who -b
last reboot
last shutdown
```

?????? IP address

```
$> curl ipinfo.io
$> curl ifconfig.io
$> curl ifconfig.me
$> curl ifconfig.co
$> curl ip.sb
$> curl https://wtfismyip.com/text
$> dig TXT +short o-o.myaddr.l.google.com @ns1.google.com | awk -F'"' '{ print $2}'
$> dig TXT +short o-o.myaddr.l.google.com @ns1.google.com | sed 's://"//g'
$> dig +short myip.opendns.com @resolver1.opendns.com
$> wget -qO - icanhazip.com
$> curl http://checkip.amazonaws.com
```

```
## Without need of any 3rd-party software
## http://ip6.me/api/
$> exec 3<>/dev/tcp/ip6.me/80; echo -e 'GET /api/\r' >&3; IFS=, read _IP _ADDR _REST <&3 3>&-; echo
your $_IP is $_ADDR
```

????????? Port 27017

Desktop)

Firefox > URL: <http://portquiz.net:27017/>

Command Line)

```
$> telnet portquiz.net 27017
$> nc -v portquiz.net 27017
$> curl portquiz.net:27017
$> wget -qO- portquiz.net:27017
```

??? shutdown

????

NOTE: ?????????????? I/O Error ??????????????????

```
echo 1 > /proc/sys/kernel/sysrq
echo o > /proc/sysrq-trigger      <== ???
```

????

```
echo 1 > /proc/sys/kernel/sysrq
echo b > /proc/sysrq-trigger
```

??????? fsck

shutdown -rf

-r Reboot after shutdown

-f Skip fsck on reboot

???? mapper ID ??

```
CentOS 6+)
#> lsblk
```

```
CentOS 5)
#> dmsetup ls
```

```
#> ls -l /dev/disk/by-path
#> ls -l /dev/disk/by-id
# > ls -l /dev/disk/by-uuid
```

????? MAC Address

???? MAC
#> sed -i 's/HWADDR/#HWADDR/g' /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0

????? MAC

```
#> service network stop
#> ip link set eth0 address xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
#> service network start
```

????

```
#> vi /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0
```

MACADDR=12:34:56:78:90:ab

?????? HWADDR?

less +F ??? tail -f

???? log ??????????

```
#> less +F my.log
```

Ctrl + c ?? nomal mode ??????????
?????? shift +f (F)

??/?????(RPM & DPKG)

???????????

```
$ dpkg --get-selections  
$ dpkg --get-selections > /backup/installed-software.log
```

```
$ rpm -qa  
$ rpm -qa > /backup/installed-software.log
```

OR remove software version number (recommended):

```
$ rpm -qa --qf "%{NAME}\n" | sort > /backup/installed-software.log
```

???????????

```
# dpkg --set-selections < /backup/installed-software.log
```

Once list is imported, use the dselect command or other tools to install the packages, enter:

```
# dselect  
Select 'i' for install the software.
```

OR use the following command:

```
# apt-get dselect-upgrade
```

```
# LIST=$( cat /backup/installed-software.log )"
```

If you are using the yum command, type the following bash for loop to install all software:

```
# for s in $LIST; do yum -y install $s; done
```

Or try out the following command (HT to gt):

```
# yum -y install $(cat /backup/installed-software.log)
```

A Note About RHEL version 4

If you are using RHEL/CentOS v4.x or older, enter:

```
# for s in $LIST; do up2date -i $s; done
```

Alternatively, you can use the following up2date command:

```
# up2date -i $(cat /backup/installed-software.log)
```

?????? (port) ????

???

telnet <IP> <port>

???
nc -zv <IP> <port>

?????
????????????????????(?? root)

chattr +i /etc/passwd
lsattr /etc/passwd

TIPs:

+i , add immutable attribute

?????
chattr -R +i my-dir/

-i, remove immutable attribute

????????????????(append mode)????????

chattr +a /var/log/syslog

ssh ???
?:8888 ?? ? irc.freenode.net:6667

ssh -L 8888:irc.freenode.net:6667 myuser@randomhost.net

? SSH port ?????? 2745 ?

ssh -p2745 -L8888:irc.freenode.net:6667 myuser@randomhost.net

GPT/MBR ??

Q: ???????? GPT ?????????? Linux ?????????????? Your boot partition is on a disk using the GPT partitioning Scheme but this machines cannot boot using GPT. ?????????????? MBR????

??? CentOS ?????????? CTRL+ALT+F2?????

/usr/sbin/parted -s /dev/sda mklabel msdos

????????? GPT ??

/usr/sbin/parted -s /dev/sda mklabel gpt

???

MBR ????????????

MBR ?????? 2TB?GPT ? 1024TB

Q: ?? CentOS 5.x ? > 2TB ???????

?? CentOS 5/6 ? > 2TB ???????? BIOS ??(???? UEFI)????? Linux ?????????? CentOS ?????????? GPT ????

???? 2TB ??? (GPT)

??????? 2TB ??????? 2TB ?????????????? parted?

```
#> parted /dev/xvdc
```

```
(parted) mklabel gpt
(parted) print
```

?????? 4398 GB?

Model: Xen Virtual Block Device (xvd)

Disk /dev/xvdc: 4398GB

Sector size (logical/physical): 512B/512B

Partition Table: gpt

Number	Start	End	Size	File system	Name	Flags
--------	-------	-----	------	-------------	------	-------

```
(parted) mkpart primary ext3 0 4398GB
```

```
(parted) print
```

??????????

Model: Xen Virtual Block Device (xvd)

Disk /dev/xvdc: 4398GB

Sector size (logical/physical): 512B/512B

Partition Table: gpt

Number	Start	End	Size	File system	Name	Flags
--------	-------	-----	------	-------------	------	-------

```
1 17.4kB 4398GB 4398GB primary
```

```
(parted) set 1 lvm on
```

```
(parted) print
```

TIPs?

```
(parted) mkpart
```

Partition name? []? primary

File system type? ext3

Start? 0

End? -1

-1 ??????

?????? lvm?1 ??????

Model: Xen Virtual Block Device (xvd)

Disk /dev/xvdc: 4398GB

Sector size (logical/physical): 512B/512B

Partition Table: gpt

Number	Start	End	Size	File system	Name	Flags
1	17.4kB	4398GB	4398GB		primary	lvm

(parted) quit

#> fdisk -l

...

WARNING: GPT (GUID Partition Table) detected on '/dev/xvdc'! The util fdisk doesn't support GPT. Use GNU Parted.

WARNING: The size of this disk is 4.4 TB (4398046511104 bytes).

DOS partition table format can not be used on drives for volumes larger than 2.2 TB (2199023255040 bytes). Use parted(1) and GUID partition table format (GPT).

Disk /dev/xvdc: 4398.0 GB, 4398046511104 bytes

255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 534698 cylinders

Units = cylinders of 16065 * 512 = 8225280 bytes

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
/dev/xvdc1		1	267350	2147483647+	ee	EFI GPT

???????????

yum install make libtool autoconf subversion git cvs wget libogg-devel gcc gcc-c++ pkgconfig

?????????

CentOS 6

?? /etc/sysconfig/i18n

??
 LANG="en_US.UTF-8"

????
 LANG="zh_TW.UTF-8"

????
 LANG="zh_CN.UTF-8"

Swap ????

- [How Much Swap Should You Use in Linux?](#)
- [What's the right amount of swap space for a modern Linux system?](#)

// ????? swap ??
 > free
 > swapon -s

// ??/?? swap
 > swapon /dev/sda3
 > swapoff /dev/sda3

// ???? swap ??
 > mkswap /dev/sda3

make-swapfile-DO?1GB

```
#!/bin/bash

dd if=/dev/zero of=/swapfile bs=1024 count=1024k
chown root:root /swapfile
chmod 0600 /swapfile
mkswap /swapfile
swapon /swapfile
echo "/swapfile      swap      swap  defaults    0 0" >> /etc/fstab
sysctl vm.swappiness=10
echo vm.swappiness=10 >> /etc/sysctl.conf
free -h
cat /proc/sys/vm/swappiness
```

Linux ??????
 sendmail)

???????? 192.168.21.75 (smtp.my.domain)
 ?? /etc/mail/sendmail.cf

"Smart" relay host (may be null)
 DS[192.168.21.75]

???
"Smart" relay host (may be null)
DSsmtp.my.domain

??? sendmail ??
postfix)
?? /etc/postfix/main.cf

relayhost = [192.168.21.75]

????

[PHP] ????????????

php -i

[PHP] ?? extension ????

php -m | grep imagick

[PHP] ?? timezone
?? /etc/php.ini

date.timezone = 'Asia/Taipei'

???? Home ??
?? User ? Home ??????????????????????????
????????????????

cd /home
cp -a user1/ user1_new/

????????????????

cd /home
cp -a user1/.[^.]* user1_new/
?????? Home ??

cp -r /etc/skel /home/user1
chown -R user1.group1 /home/user1
chmod 0700 /home/user1

?? EXT3 ? AUTO FSCK

????????? filesystem???? mount ?? > 30 ? 180 ?????????????? FSCK???? downtime ????

?????????

tune2fs -l /dev/VolGroup/LogVol

Mount count: 1

Maximum mount count: 30

Last checked: Tue Apr 29 13:09:15 2014

Check interval: 15552000 (6 months)

????????? - tune2fs???? RedHat 4.x/5.x?

// ???????

tune2fs -i 0 /dev/VolGroup/LogVol

// ?? mount ???????

tune2fs -c 0 -i 0 /dev/VolGroup/LogVol

????????? - fstab???? RedHat 4.x/5.x?

?? /etc/fstab??? 6 ????? 0

/dev/VolGroup00/arclogLV /opt/oracle/arclog ext3 defaults 1 0

????????? - ?????????? RedHat 4.x/5.x?

????

shutdown -rf

-r Reboot after shutdown

-f Skip fsck on reboot

????????? - ?????????? RedHat 4.x/5.x?

????????? e > ? kernel ???? **fastboot?**

???????

? AIX 5.3 ?? ls -l ????????????????????????

istat istflr.MMDB.CAPMM02.CAP.log0924.gz

Inode 11 on device 50/6 File

Protection: rw-r--r--

Owner: 801(istflr) Group: 801(db2adm)

Link count: 1 Length 5572891 bytes

Last updated: Tue Sep 24 09:22:23 TAIST 2013

Last modified: Tue Sep 24 09:20:59 TAIST 2013

Last accessed: Thu Jan 9 14:28:05 TAIST 2014

?? DHCP Server IP

```
# dhclient eth0
```

```
# grep dhcp-server-identifier /var/lib/dhclient/dhclient.leases
```

?? Linux ?????? kernel ??

```
#> cat /proc/cmdline
```

```
console=ttyAS0,115200 root=/dev/sdb1 rootfstype=ext3 rw
nwhwconf=device:eth0,hwaddr:24:cf:21:ba:22:46 phyaddr:0,watchdog:5000 mem=120M bigphysarea=2048
```

?????? - bc

// ????

```
#> bc
```

```
scale=3 ;????? 3 ?
```

```
239/60
```

```
3.983
```

```
quit
```

// 16 ????? 10 ??

```
#> echo "ibase=16;A7" | bc
```

```
167
```

// 2 ????? 10 ??

```
#> echo "ibase=2;11111111" | bc
```

```
255
```

[CentOS] ????? Apache Test Page

```
cd /etc/httpd/conf.d
```

```
mv welcome.conf welcome.conf.disabled
```

```
service httpd restart
```

?????? - account

- [How to Lock User Accounts After Failed Login Attempts](#)
- [Restrict SSH User Access to Certain Directory Using Chrooted Jail](#)
- [How can I restrict the normal user to run only limited set of commands in RHEL?](#)
- [How To Limit User's Access To The Linux System](#)

// ???????

CentOS/RedHat)

groupadd -r asterisk

useradd -r -g asterisk -d /var/lib/asterisk -M asterisk

Ubuntu/Debian)

addgroup --system asterisk

adduser --system --ingroup asterisk --home /var/lib/asterisk --no-create-home --shell /bin/bash asterisk

// ????????????????????????????

???????

#> usermod -L <username>

???????????????

#> chage -d 0 <username>

???????

#> usermod -U <username>

????????

#> chage -l <user-name>

// ???????

???????

#> chage -l <user-name>

???????

#> chage -M 10 <user-name> ; 10 ????????

#> chage -E "2017-02-20" <user-name> ; 2017-02-20 ????????

#> chage -I 10 <user-name> ; ?????????????????? 10 ????????

????

#> chage -E -1 <user-name> ; ?? -1 ???????

// ????????

????

#> usermod -L <user-name>

????

```
#> usermod -U <user-name>
???????
#> grep <user-name> /etc/shadow

dbtest:!$6$hFCW6eI1$ki9J9QrxCjnpvzFPJnxSpNvQ... ???? ! ??????
// ?????????????? Comment
```

```
# usermod -c "John" john
# usermod -s "/sbin/nologin" alang

// ????????????????????????????????? su ??????
????? devrpt ????????????????? su ? devrpt?
???: ?? sshd_config

# Added by Alang
# prevent certain users from using ssh for login
# while retaining the option to 'su username'
#
DenyUsers istdc

???: ??????????????????????
```

```
passwd -d devrpt

???: ??????
? CentOS ???
1. ?? /etc/security/access.conf?????

# The line 'cron crond' is required
+:devrpt:cron crond tty1 tty2 tty3 tty4 tty5 tty6
-:devrpt:ALL
```

TIPs?

```
????? permission :username: origins
permission + ?? ? - ??
username ??
origins ?????? tty ??'??/????IP ?
```

?????????? cron crond ?????????? crontab ??????

2. ??????????????????????????

- telnet : /etc/pam.d/remote
? ???????
- SSH : /etc/pam.d/sshd
? ??????? SSHD
- Local ???? : /etc/pam.d/login

???????????????????????

```
# Limited users for remote login via telnet
# Check the file /etc/security/access.conf
account required pam_access.so
```

// ????????

Lock

```
#> passwd -l john
#> chage -E 0 john
```

Unlock

```
#> passwd -u john
#> chage -E john
```

TIPs:

???passwd ?????????????? SSH-Key ???

// ????????

#> mkhomedir_helper <username>

// Group ??

Add user i00371 into the group sysadmin

#> usermod -a -G sysadmin i00371

// ??????????????

#> usermod -l new-name old-name

#> usermod -d /home/new-name new-name

SSHFS ?? SSH ????????

?? sshfs ??

for CentOS)

??? EPEL ???

yum install fuse sshfs

modprobe fuse

lsmod fuse

for Ubuntu)

apt-get install sshfs

?? sshfs

sshfs user@remote_host:/remote_directory /local_mount_point

???????

1. ?? module fuse ?????

2. ?? /etc/fstab

sshfs#root@10.233.10.212:/ /mnt/ssh fuse defaults 0 0

tar ????

???????????

tar fzt myapp.tar.gz | grep keyword

?????????????????????????????tar: Removing leading `/' from member names

???

tar cf nagios.tar -C / etc/nagios

sudo ????

????? sudoers

??? john ?? SHELL

sudo -u john bash -c "whoami"

??? john ?? vnc ???-H ?????? HOME????? /root?

sudo -H -u john bash -c "vncserver"

??? devrpt ?? db2_get_tbs_usage.sh -d devrptdb

sudo -u devrpt -H -s /usr/local/bin/db2_get_tbs_usage.sh -d devrptdb

?

sudo -u devrpt -H bash -c "/usr/local/bin/db2_get_tbs_usage.sh -d devrptdb"

?? sudoers

#> visudo

alang ALL=(devrpt) /bin/bash,/usr/local/bin/db2_get_tbs_usage.sh

TIPs:

?????

????? ??????????=(?????) ?????

????? SHELL Scripts??? scripts ?????????? /bin/bash?

???? sudoers????? root ??

su -l john -c "whoami"

? user1 ??? root ?????????? root ??

#visudo

user1 ALL=(ALL) ALL

NOTEs:

user1 ?????? sudo -i ? sudo -s ??? user1 ?????????? root?

Linux ????

????

modprobe <module name> option=<option name>

?????????

lsmod

???????????

cat /sys/module/<module name>/<option name>

Perl ????

????????? - instmodsh

#instmodsh

cmd? l

Installed modules are:

Perl
asterisk-perl
cmd? quit

rsync ??/???
???????????????????????

rsync -au --delete <source-dir> <target-dir>
--delete ? <source-dir> ??????????<target-dir> ????????????

????????????????????????????(Rsync)

rsync -avh --ignore-existing source-dir/ target-dir/
???????????????

rsync -anvh --ignore-existing source-dir/ target-dir/ > files.list
???????????????

mkbootdisk --iso --device ./boot.iso `uname -r`

? CetOS5.5 ????????cp: cannot stat `/usr/lib/syslinux/isolinux.bin': No such file or directory
Ans: ?????? mkbootdisk script ??????

```
if [ -n "$isoimage" ]; then
cfgfile=$MOUNTDIR/isolinux/isolinux.cfg
bootmsg=$MOUNTDIR/isolinux/boot.msg

# create an iso image; the directory is all we need
[ -n "$verbose" ] && echo -n "Installing isolinux... "
mkdir $MOUNTDIR/isolinux
#cp /usr/lib/syslinux/isolinux.bin $MOUNTDIR/isolinux <---- ???
cp /usr/share/syslinux/isolinux.bin $MOUNTDIR/isolinux
[ -n "$verbose" ] && echo don
```

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

?? JRE/JDK 6
// ?? jre-6u24-linux-i586-rpm.bin, jdk-6u24-linux-i586-rpm.bin

- <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/ja...ads/index.html>
- <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/ja...ve-139210.html> (???)

RHEL/CentOS

```
chmod u+x jre-6u24-linux-i586-rpm.bin
./jre-6u24-linux-i586-rpm.bin

## java ##
alternatives --install /usr/bin/java java /usr/java/jre1.6.0_45/bin/java 20000

## javaws ##
alternatives --install /usr/bin/javaws javaws /usr/java/jre1.6.0_45/bin/javaws 20000

## Java Browser (Mozilla) Plugin 32-bit ##
alternatives --install /usr/lib/mozilla/plugins/libjavaplugin.so libjavaplugin.so /usr/java/jre1.6.0_45/lib/i386/libnpjp2.so 20000

## Java Browser (Mozilla) Plugin 64-bit ##
alternatives --install /usr/lib64/mozilla/plugins/libjavaplugin.so libjavaplugin.so.x86_64 /usr/java/jre1.6.0_45/lib/amd64/libnpjp2.so 20000
```

Ubuntu/Debian

```
sudo update-alternatives --install "/usr/bin/java" "java" "/opt/java/32/jre1.6.0_45/bin/java" 1
sudo update-alternatives --set "java" "/opt/java/32/jre1.6.0_45/bin/java"
mkdir ~/.mozilla/plugins
ln -s /opt/java/32/jre1.6.0_45/lib/i386/libnpjp2.so ~/.mozilla/plugins
```

????

```
# java -version
java version "1.6.0_24"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.6.0_24-b07)
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM (build 19.1-b02, mixed mode, sharing)
```

???? I/O ????

```
? 2010 ??????????? 4096-byte(4K) sector size?? Linux ?????????? 512-byte ??????????????? ext3 ???2TB ?
SATA ?????????? 1TB?????????? 4K-byte sector ?? 512-byte sector ?? 7 ???
```

???

fdisk -> x extra functionality (experts only) -> setting the start sector("b") to 64

???

hdparm -tT /dev/sda1

?????

- [Linux on 4KB-sector disks: Practical advice](#)
- [Linux Not Fully Prepared for 4096-Byte Sector Hard Drives](#)

Notes: ?????????????? 4096-byte sector size?

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

???? partition table - partprobe

?? fdisk ?? partition table ?????? reboot ??????????????

#> partprobe /dev/mapper/mpathb ;???

Putty ?? Linux ??? ncurses ??????????

Putty ???)

- Terminal > Use background colour to erase screen [**check**]
- Window > Translation
 - ? Received data assumed character set: [**UTF-8**]
 - ? Treat CJK ambiguous characters as wide [**uncheck**]
- Connection > Data > Terminal-type string [**linux**]

?? btmp ???????

??-/var/log/btmp ??? 1.xGB ???

??bttmp ??????????????????????????????????????

????? lastb ?????????????????????????????? SSH Port?

// ?? btmp ??

cat /dev/null > /var/log/btmp

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

??????

?? dash ?????

rm ./-1234567.txt

?????????????????Argument list too long

???

#> cd /var/spool/clientmqueue

#> for f in *

> do

> echo "rm \$f";

> done

???

#> cd /var/spool/clientmqueue

#> find . -name "*" -maxdepth 1 -exec rm -f {} \;

?? Windows ????

CentOS 5)

([How to mount remote Windows shares](#))

```
mount.cifs //winbox/getme /mnt/win -o ip=123.123.123.123,username=sushi,password=yummy
```

? mount.cifs ??? samba-client ????

?? SELinux

?? SELinux

- [[??? Linux ??? -- ?????? SELinux](#)]
- [[SELinux - Wikipedia](#)]
- [CentOS:SELinux](#)
- [How to Disable SELinux](#)
- [SELinux FAQ](#)

// ?? Disable SELinux

?????????

```
#> sed -i 's/SELINUX=.*/$SELINUX=disabled/' /etc/selinux/config
```

???????

#> setenforce 0

// ?? SELinux ???

```
#> sestatus
SELinux status:          disabled
?
#> getenforce
```

// ?????

???????

```
grub append> ro root=/dev/VolGroup00/LogVo100 selinux=0 enforcing=0
```

[GO TO TOP?](#)

??(NTPD)????????-timezone

???????: Chrony

- [CHAPTER 18. CONFIGURING NTP USING THE CHRONY SUITE](#)

NTPD ???

```
yum install ntp
ntpdate pool.ntp.org
chkconfig ntpd on
service ntpd start
```

Crontab?
 /etc/crontab

```
10 * * * * root (/usr/sbin/ntpdate tw.pool.ntp.org && /sbin/hwclock -w) &> /dev/null
/etc/cron.hourly/ntpdate.cron?
```

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
TIMESVR="192.168.21.86"

(/sbin/ntpdate $TIMESVR && /sbin/hwclock -w) > /dev/null
```

?????

```
# ntpstat
synchronised to NTP server (204.9.54.119) at stratum 2
  time correct to within 121 ms
  polling server every 64 s
```

```
# ntpq -p
  remote      refid      st t when poll reach  delay  offset jitter
=====
+w1-wdc.ipv4.got 10.0.77.54    4 u 14 64 377 214.365 -16.459  8.887
clock02.chil01. 204.9.54.119   2 u 15 64 377 278.195 -1.254  0.427
*ntp.your.org .CDMA.          1 u 13 64 377 196.313 -16.884  0.456
LOCAL(0) .LOCL.           10 l 14 64 377  0.000  0.000  0.001
```

TIPs?

?? ntpd server ???????? offset ?????? ntpd ?????????? ntpd ?????? ntpdate ?????????? ntpd ???

?????

for CetOS 7)

```
# timedatectl
  Local time: Fri 2020-02-07 14:58:52 CST
```

Universal time: Fri 2020-02-07 06:58:52 UTC

RTC time: Fri 2020-02-07 06:58:52

Time zone: Asia/Taipei (CST, +0800)

NTP enabled: no

NTP synchronized: no

RTC in local TZ: no

DST active: n/a

```
# timedatectl list-timezones | grep -o "Asia/.*"
# timedatectl set-timezone "Asia/Kolkata"
```

for CentOS 5/6)

```
# ln -s /usr/share/zoneinfo/Asia/Taipei /etc/localtime
```

??

```
# system-config-date
```

?????

```
# date -s "2 OCT 2006 18:00:00"
#/sbin/hwclock --systohc
```

WGET ??

// Proxy ??

```
$ export http_proxy=http://username:password@this.is.proxy.ip:port
$ export http_proxy=http://windomain\username:password@this.is.proxy.ip:port
```

? ?? /etc/wgetrc

```
http_proxy=http://windomain\username:password@this.is.proxy.ip:port/
??? domain ? username ????????
```

// ?????????????????? URL ??

wget 'HTTP URL Link'

// ?????? HTML ?(???? Index of)

wget -r --no-parent http://xxx.xxx.xxx/aaa/

// ????

\$ cat list.txt

<https://wordpress.org/latest.zip>
https://downloads.joomla.org/cms/joomla3/3-8-5/Joomla_3-9-4-Stable-Full_Package.zip
<https://ftp.drupal.org/files/projects/drupal-8.4.5.zip>

```
$ wget -i list.txt

// ???
$ wget -b https://wordpress.org/latest.zip

$ wget ftp://user:password@host:/path-to-file/file.txt

// ????????
$ wget -br ftp://user:password@ftp-host:/path-for-download/
```

curl

```
$ curl -o wordpress.zip https://wordpress.org/latest.zip
```

YUM ??????
// ????

yum repolist enabled

??????????
yum list updates

??????
yum update --disablerepo=epel

// ?????? yum-updatesd??????????

?? yum-updatesd
service yum-updatesd stop
chkconfig yum-updatesd off

```
?? /etc/cron.daily/yum.cron
#!/bin/sh
/usr/bin/yum -R 120 -e 0 -d 0 -y update yum
/usr/bin/yum -R 10 -e 0 -d 0 -y update #?????????????????????????
```

chmod 0755 /etc/cron.daily/yum.cron

// ????????????

<http://vault.centos.org/>

// ?????? CD ? ISO ?????? DVD ISO????????? mkdvdiso.sh?????? RedHat/CentOS ??????????

```
yum install anaconda-runtime mkisofs  
.mkdvdiso.sh cd/ /tmp/CentOS-5.5-i386-bin-DVD.iso
```

TIPs?

```
?? CD ISO ??? cd/ ???  
???? SELinux  
?????????????
```

```
// ??????????????????
```

```
yum clean all
```

```
// ??????????  
?? libstdc++.so.6
```

```
yum whatprovides "*/libstdc++.so.6"
```

```
// ??????????
```

```
yum deplist <package-name>
```

```
// ?? RPM ??
```

```
yum -y install yum-utils.noarch  
yumdownloader <package-name>
```

```
; Extract downloaded RPM  
rpm2cpio dekiwiki-10.0.1-3.1.noarch.rpm | cpio -idmv
```

```
yum -y install --downloadonly --downloaddir=/tmp/packages NetworkManager
```

```
// ??????????????????
```

```
yum --enablerepo=elrepo-kernel install kernel-ml kernel-ml-devel
```

```
// ??? ISO???????
```

```
# vi /etc/yum.repo.d/CentOS-Media.repo  
[c6-local]  
name=CentOS-$releasever - Media
```

```
baseurl=file:///mnt/iso/
gpgcheck=0
enabled=0
```

NOTE: enabled=0??? 1?? DVD ??? /mnt/iso?

```
# yum --disablerepo=\* --enablerepo=c6-local upgrade
```

// ?????? RPM ??

```
yum --nogpgcheck install htop-1.0.2-1.el5.rf.x86_64.rpm
```

// ????????

```
yum --showduplicates list <package-name>
yum list <package-name>-<version>
yum install <package-name>-<version>
```

// ??????????

```
yum repolist
yum repolist enabled
```

// ????????

```
yum list installed
yum list installed |tail -n +3|cut -d' ' -f1 > installed_packages.lst
?
rpm -qa > installed_packages.lst
```

```
yum -y install $(cat installed_packages.lst)
```

// ?? EPEL ???

[EPEL](#) - Extra Packages for Enterprise Linux

```
rpm -ivh http://mirror01.idc.hinet.net/EPEL/5/i386/epel-release-5-4.noarch.rpm
rpm -ivh http://mirror01.idc.hinet.net/EPEL/6/i386/epel-release-6-8.noarch.rpm
```

TIPS:

?: Error: Cannot retrieve metalink for repository: epel. Please verify its path and try again
?: sed -i "s/mirrorlist=https/mirrorlist=http/" /etc/yum.repos.d/epel.repo

// ?? ELRepo ???

[ELRepo](#) - The Community Enterprise Linux Repository

```
rpm --import http://elrepo.org/RPM-GPG-KEY-elrepo.org
```

for RHEL-5, CENTOS-5

```
rpm -Uvh http://elrepo.org/elrepo-release-5-2.el5.elrepo.noarch.rpm
```

for RHEL-6, CENTOS-6

```
rpm -Uvh http://elrepo.org/elrepo-release-6-3.el6.elrepo.noarch.rpm
```

// ?? RPMforge/RepoForge ???

RPMforge ?? Dag ?????????????????? CentOS ??? 5000 ?????? wine?vlc?mplayer?xmms-mp3 ????????????????????

Red Hat ? CentOS ????????????????????????

- <http://wiki.centos.org/zh-tw/Additio...22e7ac9f42bf4d>
- <http://repoforge.org/use/>

// CentOS ????????

??? GNOME ??

?????????????

```
# yum grouplist
```

?? GNOME ????

```
# yum groupinstall "GNOME Desktop Environment"
```

?????

```
# yum groupremove "Office Suite and Productivity" "Dial-up Networking Support"
```

// ?? proxy

?? /etc/yum.conf

```
proxy=http://<username>:<password>@<this.is.proxy.ip:<port>/
```

```
proxy=http://windowsad\username:password@proxy.server:port/
```

// ?????? RPM

```
# yum localinstall my.rpm
```

// ?? YUM ?????

???? createrepo

CetOS 5:

```
createrepo /source/path/reas5
```

```
createrepo -g /source/path/reas5/repo/repodata/comps.xml
```

CetOS 6/7:

```
createrepo /yum-repo-packages/centos_6.4_x86_64
createrepo -g /yum-repo-packages/centos_6.4_x86_64/repo/2727...cab6f72-c6-x86_64-comps.xml
/yum-repo-packages/centos_6.4_x86_64
```

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

DNS ??? dig/host
?? host)

```
$> host <FQDN> <DNS-Server>
```

```
?? dig)
```

- <https://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/linux---usage-syntax/>

???? nslookup ?? dig ????????????????

// ????? DNS server(resolv.conf) ????

```
$> dig www.osslab.org.tw
```

// ??? DNS server(8.8.8.8)???????????? type ??

```
$> dig @8.8.8.8 osslab.org.tw ANY
```

type ??? ANY, A, MX, SIG, etc...

// ??????????????????

```
$> dig +multiline +noall +answer +nocmd cyberciti.biz ANY
```

// ?? IP

```
$> dig -x 123.123.123.123
```

```
$> dig +short -x 123.123.123.123
```

// ????? domain name

```
$> cat /path/to/lookup.txt
```

+short www.google.com

+short www.osslab.org.tw

```
$> dig -f /path/to/lookup.txt
```

// ??????

```
$dig +short +trace www.osslab.org.tw
```

// ?? TTL

```
$> dig +nocmd +noall +answer +ttlid A www.cyberciti.biz
```

?? hostname???????

? RedHat/CentOS ??)

<http://kbase.redhat.com/faq/docs/DOC-8646>

1. ?? /etc/sysconfig/network
HOSTNAME=myhost.mydomain
2. ?? /etc/hosts
111.222.333.444 myhost.mydomain myhost
3. ??? hostname
hostname myhost.mydomain
4. ?? Network
service network restart

??????? SOP ??

- ?? /etc/sysconfig/networking/profiles/default
????? XWindows ??????????
- ?? /etc/sysctl.conf
kernel.hostname=xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx

Ubuntu/Debian)

```
# vi /etc/hostname
[my_host_name]
```

```
# sudo /etc/init.d/hostname.sh start
```

?? Linux)

```
# sudo echo [my_host_name] > /proc/sys/kernel/hostname
```

[GO TO TOP?](#)

RedHat/CentOS ?????? Raid Card ????

??? floppy ?????????????????? dd ??????????????????????????

linux dd

???? floppy ?????????????????? FTP/NFS/HTTP ??????????????????

linux dd=ftp://ftp.server.domain/this/is/driver.img

?????<http://www.redhat.com/docs/manuals/e...DRIVERDISK-WHY>

CentOS 5 ??? 4GB ?? RAM

CentOS ? v5 ??????kernel ?????????????? 4GB ?? RAM????????? **kernel-PAE** ?????????????????? 4GB ??
RAM ? kernel????????????? kernel ?????????????? 4GB ?? RAM ??

#> yum install kernel-PAE

???????

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

?????-VNC

?VNC?????????????????????????????????

//???? vnc.so ????

shell>locate vnc.so

//????????????? vnc.so

shell>vi /etc/X11/XF86Config

Section "Module"

 Load "dbe"

 Load "extmod"

 ...

Load "vnc"

//?? VNC ?????

shell>vi /etc/X11/XF86Config

Section "Screen"

 ...

Option "SecurityTypes" "VncAuth"

Option "UserPasswdVerifier" "VncAuth"

Option "PasswordFile" "/root/.vnc/passwd"

 ...

// ?????? xstartup

\$ vi ~/.vnc/xstartup

? GNOME ????

[-r \$HOME/.Xresources] && xrdb \$HOME/.Xresources

xsetroot -solid grey

#vncconfig -iconic &

xterm -geometry 80x24+10+10 -ls -title "\$VNCDESKTOP Desktop" &

#twm &

gnome-session -sm-disable

gnome-session

?? KDE ????

```
[ -r $HOME/.Xresources ] && xrdb $HOME/.Xresources
xsetroot -solid grey
#vncconfig -iconic &
xterm -geometry 80x24+10+10 -ls -title "$VNCDESKTOP Desktop" &
twm &
startkde &

//?? VNC ??
shell> vncpasswd /root/.vnc/passwd

PS. ??????????????????
```

Section "Screen"

```
...
Option "SecurityTypes" "None"
EndSection
```

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

RPM ????

// ????????????????

shell> rpm -qi <rpm_name>

// ???????? 32 ? 64 bit

shell> rpm -qa --qf "%{n}-%{v}-%{r}.%{arch}\n" | grep -i <package-name>

// ????????????

shell> rpm -qpi your.rpm

shell> less your.rpm

// ??????????????

shell> rpm -q --requires <package-name>

// ?????????? RPM ????????

shell> rpm -qlp your.rpm

// ??????????????

```
shell> rpm -qf /usr/bin/ksh
```

```
// ?? source rpm
```

```
yum install rpm-build
rpmbuild --rebuild something.src.rpm
```

```
// ?? RPM Public Key
```

```
rpm -q gpg-pubkey | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr
```

```
// ?? RPM ??
```

- [?? RPM ??](#)
- [RPM Tips](#)
- [RPM SPEC?????????](#)

????device??(/dev/sda)?LUN channel??????

???? sg_utils????? http://sg.torque.net/sg/sg3_utils.html?

???? sg_map -i

```
root@oradb2 ~]# sg_map -i
/dev/sg0 /dev/sda ServeRA rootvg      V1.0
/dev/sg1 /dev/sdb ServeRA datavg      V1.0
/dev/sg2 IBM-ESXS VPBA073C3ETS11 N A2E8
/dev/sg3 IBM-ESXS VPBA073C3ETS11 N A2E8
/dev/sg4 IBM-ESXS VSC7160      1.07
/dev/sg5 /dev/sdd i-Raid  gtnas02--VOL#01
R001
/dev/sg6 /dev/sdc i-Raid  x3650---VOL#00
R001
/dev/sg7 /dev/nst0 HP      Ultrium 2-SCSI
F6AW
/dev/sg8 HP      NS E1200-160    5929
```

???? sg_scan -i

```
[root@oradb2 ~]# sg_scan -i
/dev/sg0: scsi0 channel=0 id=0 lun=0 [em]
  ServeRA rootvg      V1.0 [rmb=0 cmdq=1 pqual=0 pdev=0x0]
/dev/sg1: scsi0 channel=0 id=1 lun=0 [em]
  ServeRA datavg      V1.0 [rmb=0 cmdq=1 pqual=0 pdev=0x0]
/dev/sg2: scsi0 channel=1 id=0 lun=0 [em]
  IBM-ESXS VPBA073C3ETS11 N A2E8 [rmb=0 cmdq=1 pqual=0 pdev=0x0]
/dev/sg3: scsi0 channel=1 id=1 lun=0 [em]
  IBM-ESXS VPBA073C3ETS11 N A2E8 [rmb=0 cmdq=1 pqual=0 pdev=0x0]
/dev/sg4: scsi0 channel=3 id=0 lun=0 [em]
  IBM-ESXS VSC7160      1.07 [rmb=0 cmdq=0 pqual=0 pdev=0xd]
/dev/sg5: scsi1 channel=0 id=0 lun=0
  i-Raid gtnas02--VOL#01 R001 [rmb=0 cmdq=1 pqual=0 pdev=0x0]
/dev/sg6: scsi1 channel=0 id=0 lun=1
  i-Raid x3650---VOL#00 R001 [rmb=0 cmdq=1 pqual=0 pdev=0x0]
/dev/sg7: scsi1 channel=0 id=1 lun=0
  HP   Ultrium 2-SCSI F6AW [rmb=1 cmdq=0 pqual=0 pdev=0x1]
/dev/sg8: scsi1 channel=0 id=1 lun=1
  HP   NS E1200-160  5929 [rmb=0 cmdq=0 pqual=0 pdev=0xc]
```

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

Apache ???? Windows Active Directory ??

? ??????????????????????.htaccess???????

???

```
AuthMySQLEnable off
AuthType Basic
AuthName "USE YOUR WINDOWS ACCOUNT"
AuthLDAPURL "ldap://myad.mydomain.com.tw/
ou=IT,dc=mydomain,dc=com,dc=tw?sAMAccountName?sub?(objectClass=*)"
# Using this to bind
AuthLDAPBindDN "CN=John,OU=IT,DC=mydomain,DC=com,DC=tw"
AuthLDAPBindPassword "123456"
# When checking for group membership, use the DN of the user, not the HTTP entry
AuthLDAPGroupAttributeIsDN on

#require valid-user
#require user Bob
require valid-user

??
myad.mydomain.com.tw ; AD ?????
mydomain.com.tw ; ??????
ou=IT ; ?? IT ??????????????????????????????
```

```
AuthLDAPBindDN ; ???????AD?????????????????????AD?
AuthLDAPBindPassword ; ????????????
```

???

```
AuthMySQLEnable off
```

```
AuthType Basic
```

```
# What the users will see as a "title" of the login prompt:
#AuthName "Domain Credentials Required"
AuthName "Your Domain AD's account required"
```

```
# use plain LDAP authentication:
AuthzLDAPMethod ldap
```

```
# FQDN resolvable hostname (or IP) of the Windows
# AD domain controller:
AuthzLDAPServer myad.mydomain.com.tw
```

```
# Distinguished Name (DN) of the user that mod_authz_ldap should
# bind to the LDAP server as when searching for the domain user
# provided by the web client (Active Directory does not allow
# anonymous binds). Note, the cn attribute corresponds to the
# "Display Name" field of a user's account in the Active Directory
# Users and Computers tool, not their login username:
AuthzLDAPBindDN "cn=John,ou=IT,dc=mydomain,dc=com,dc=tw"
```

```
# the BindDN user's password:
AuthzLDAPBindPassword "123456"
```

```
# LDAP Attribute where the user's domain login username is stored in:
AuthzLDAPUserKey sAMAccountName
```

```
# Base DN to begin searching for users from in the LDAP:
#AuthzLDAPUserBase "ou=TestOU,dc=mydomain,dc=com,dc=tw"
AuthzLDAPUserBase "ou=IT,dc=mydomain,dc=com,dc=tw"
```

```
# Search in sub-containers below the UserBase DN if
# necessary (most likely):
AuthzLDAPUserScope subtree
```

```
# Require the username and password provided to be a valid
# user in the AD:
require valid-user
```

```
# log verbosity level:
AuthzLDAPLogLevel info
```

??? AD ?????? LDAP ?????????????? [LDAP Browser](#) ??????(??30?)?

?????

- [Apache and Active Directory Authentication on Debian](#)
- [Using Windows AD for Apache authentication](#)

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

???? MRTG ??????

?????CentOS 5.2

?????<http://oss.oetiker.ch/mrtg/download.en.html>

????

```
./configure --prefix=/opt/mrtg-2.16.2 \
--with-gd=/usr/include \
--with-gd-lib=/usr/lib \
--with-gd-inc=/usr/include \
--with-png=/usr/include \
--with-zlib=/usr/include
```

????????? GD Library ????????? gd-devel ??

#yum install gd-devel

????

make
make install

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

?? Joomla 1.5x ????????????

1. ?? Joomla ?????
2. ?? php ?? allow_url_fopen?

?????

- ?? Joomla ???? - http://kb.siteground.com/article/Joomla_hacked.html
- ?? Joomla ???? - http://kb.siteground.com/article/How...omla_10XX.html
- ?? Joomla ???? - http://www.joomlasupport.co.uk/Joom..._Security.html
- ?????????????? - http://docs.joomla.org/Vulnerable_Extensions_List

?? RPM???????????

```
rpm2cpio xxx.rpm | cpio -idmv
```

?? USB ?????????? USB ??/??

```
modprobe -r usb_storage
```

```
vi /etc/modprobe.conf
```

```
alias usb_storage off
```

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

NFS ???

?? umount ?? device is busy???????????????

```
//?????????????????
```

```
fuser -m -v <mount_point>
lsof | grep <mount_point>
lsof +f -- <path-to-dir>
```

```
//?????????
```

```
fuser -i -k <mount_point>
```

```
//????????? NFS Client daemon???? NFS ??????????
```

```
service netfs stop
service netfs start
```

```
// ????????????
```

```
umount -l <mount_point>
```

?????? Client ??? NFS ??

```
netstat -an | grep <nfs-server-ip>:2049
```

?? NFS Port ? 2049????? netstat -lt ??

Can't mount remotely Linux host on AIX

Q: Can't mount remotely Linux host on AIX ????

A: To run the following commands on your AIX.

```
nfs0 -o nfs_use_reserved_ports=1
nfs0 -o portcheck=1
```

If the configuration would be enabled automatically on system RESTART, edit the file /etc/rc.nfs , and to add above commands in the bottom.

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

???? patch/diff ??

?????<http://linux.chinaitlab.com/administer/811248.html>

???????)

```
//?????
#diff -uN old.code new.code > patch.file
//?????
#patch < patch.file
//?????
#patch -RE < patch.file
```

???????)

```
//?????
#diff -rupN oladdir newdir > patch.dir
//?????
#patch -p1 < patch.dir
//?????
#patch -RE -p1 < patch.dir
```

?????????????.c ????????

???: asterisk_orig/
???: asterisk_patched/

```
$ cd asterisk_orig; find ./ -name "*.c" -exec md5sum -b {} \; > ../asterisk_orig.md5; cd ..
$ cd asterisk_patched; find ./ -name "*.c" -exec md5sum -b {} \; > ../asterisk_patched.md5; cd ..
```

\$ diff asterisk_orig.md5 asterisk_patched.md5

```
273c273
< 894a111d1efa5901471820e203503039 *./channels/chan_sip.c
---
> 00116baac23473049b5801c9287fb4be *./channels/chan_sip.c
```

TIPs

??? asterisk_orig ? asterisk_patched ????????????????????????? asterisk_patched ??????????.c ???

??? VI ???

Notes: ?????????????????????? shift + ????

???????????????	????	????
i	???????????????	? a ????????????????????????????
a	???????????????	
h j k l	????????h--??, j--??, k--??, l--??	???????????????????????????????
:1	???????	
:22	?????22?	???????????????????
gg	??????	
G	??????	???????????????????????
0	??????	
\$??????	
:wq	??????	
:w new.txt	????? new.txt	
:w !sudo tee %	? sudo ????	????????????????? sudo ???????
:q!	??????	???????????????????????????????????
:set nu	????	??????????
:set nonu	??????	
:set hlsearch	Highlight ??????	???????????
: syntax on	? Hihjlight ??	
dd	???????	
10dd	??????10?(???)	
yy	???????	
3yy	??????3?(???)	
p	??	
:%s/old/new/g	?????old?????????new??	

:<table>/,<\table>/g/^\$/d	?? <table> ... </table> ?????	
/keyword	????	
\KeyWord	????(?????)	
/\s\+\$????????? Highlight	????? :set hlsearch ??
~	?????	
:%s/[ctrl+V and ctrl+M]//g	?????? ^M	
:%s/\s\+\$//	???????????	
:1,\$d	??????	
:1,22d	?? 1-22 ?	
:23,\$d	?? 23 ???????	
:! ls -l	??? SHELL ??	:!! ?????
:vsplit my.file	?????????? my.file	ctrl + w + w ????
:split my.file	??????	ctrl + w + w ????

?????????

vim -d file1 file2

?? VI Highlight Color

```
// CentOS/RedHat
#> yum install vim-enhanced
```

NOTE????? vim ???????vi ?????

```
// Debian
#> vi ~/.vimrc
```

syntax on

Putty ?????

ANSI Blue: Red:74 Green:74 Blue:255
 ANSI Blue Bold: Red:140: Green:140 Blue:255

FAQ:

Q: ?????A line cannot be longer than 2048 characters.

A:???? VI ?????????? 2048 ??????????????????????????????

`cut -c1-2047 before.log > after.log`

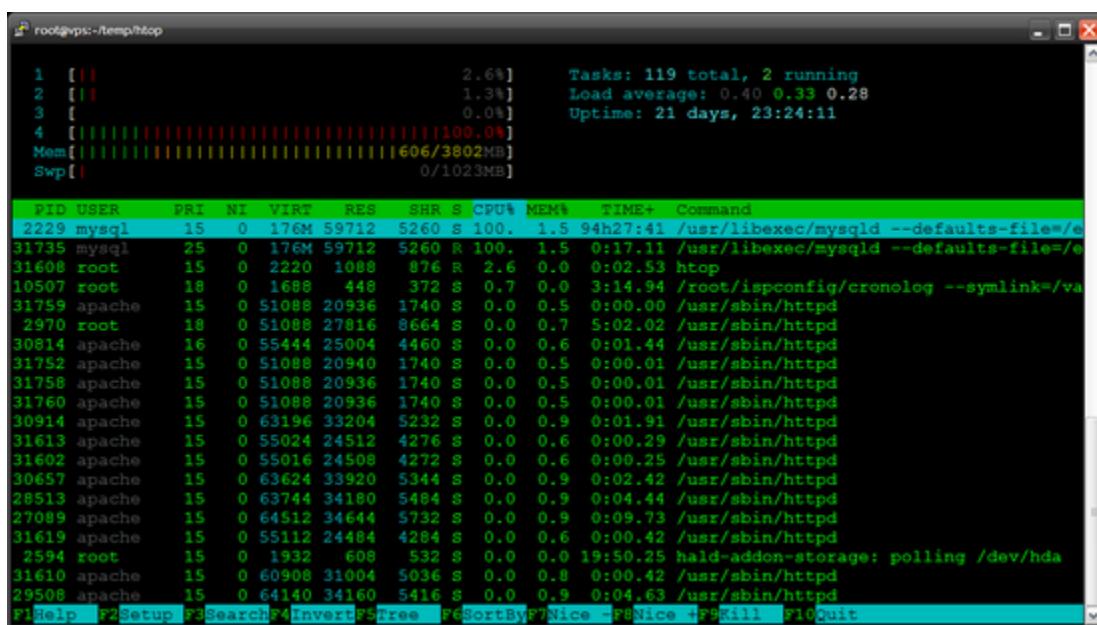
[?GO TO TOP?](#)

? top ????? - htop

???? <http://dag.wieers.com/rpm/packages/htop/>

???? <http://htop.sourceforge.net/>

????



?? dd ??

// ??MBR
dd if=/dev/hdx of=/path/to/image count=1 bs=512

// ???? iso ?
dd if=/dev/cdrom of=/root/cd.iso

// ??????
dd if=/dev/urandom of=/dev/hda1

// ???? USB-Flash
dd if=/dev/sdb | gzip > ./my-usb_flash.img.gz

//?? USB-Flash
gzip -dc ./my-usb_flash.img.gz | dd of=/dev/sdb

```
// ??????????10GB
dd if=/dev/zero of=/path/to/image bs=1G count=10
NOTE: ?? Linux ??????
fallocate -l 1G test.img
```

```
// Test network bandwidth between 2 Linux servers
dd if=/nas-mount-point/samplefile of=/dev/null bs=1M count=1024 iflag=direct
dd if=/dev/zero of=/nas-mount-point/samplefile bs=1M count=1024 oflag=direct
NOTE: the samplefile is greater than 1GB and the RAM is preferably more than 2GB.
```

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

ps ??
? PID ??

```
ps -fp <PID>
ps -fp <PID#1>,<PID#2>,<PID#3>
```

??CPU/Memory??

// CPU ??????10??

// for CentOS
ps -eo pid,ppid,cmd,%mem,%cpu --sort=-%cpu | head -11

```
//  
ps aux | head -1; ps aux | sort -rn +2 | head -10  
or  
ps aux | head -1; ps aux | sort -rn -k 3 | head -10
```

// Memory ??????10??

// for CentOS
ps -eo pid,ppid,cmd,%mem,%cpu --sort=-%mem | head -11

```
ps aux | head -1; ps aux | sort -rn +3 | head  
or  
ps aux | head -1; ps aux | sort -rn -k 4 | head
```

ps -eo cmd,pid,ppid,%mem,%cpu --sort=-%mem | head -n 6

ps aux | awk '{print \$6/1024 " MB\t\t" \$11}' | sort -rn | head -25

// ????????

```
ps -eakl | sort -n +6 | head  
or
```

```
ps -eal | sort -n -k 7 | head
```

// ??? nice ???

```
ps -eakl | sort -n +7
```

or

```
ps -eal | sort -n -k 8
```

// ??????????

```
ps vx | head -1; ps vx | grep -v PID | sort -rn +3 | head -10
```

or

```
ps vx | head -1; ps vx | grep -v PID | sort -rn -k 4 | head -10
```

// ??? I/O ??

```
ps vx | head -1; ps vx | grep -v PID | sort -rn +4 | head -10
```

or

```
ps vx | head -1; ps vx | grep -v PID | sort -rn -k 5 | head -10
```

// ??????

```
ps vg | head -1; ps vg | grep -w wait
```

// ?? PID ????????????

```
ps -p <PID> -o etime,start
```

?? ls ??

????

```
ls --sort=size /path-to-dir
```

?? size ????????????

- extension
- none
- size
- time
- version

???????

```
ls -l | grep ^d
```

```
ls -d */
```

?????????

```
ls myfile[1,3,5,7,9]
```

```
ls myfile[1-9]
```

[?GO TO TOP?](#)

????

- [CentOS ??????](#)
- [Curl ??](#)
- [Editor Tools for Linux](#)
- [FreeBSD](#)
- [GRUB2 ??](#)
- [Linux service list \(????\)](#)
- [Linux SHELL](#)
- [Linux Shell Compiler - shc](#)
- [Linux ?????](#)
- [Linux ???-vmstat](#)
- [Linux ????](#)
- [Linux ????](#)
- [Linux ??????](#)
- [LVM ?????](#)
- [MySQL DBA ??](#)
- [nmap ????](#)
- [parted ????](#)
- [Python](#)
- [RedHat/CentOS 4.8 Bug Fix](#)
- [Reset Root Password](#)
- [sar ????](#)
- [screen ????](#)
- [SFTP Server](#)
- [SQLite ????](#)
- [SSH Tunnel ????](#)
- [SSH ????\(?????\)](#)
- [Ubuntu/Debian ??](#)
- [?????\(Subnet Mask\)-CIDR ??](#)
- [????? SysLog](#)
- [???????? USB ????](#)
- [????/????](#)
- [?????](#)

?????

- [RedHat ????](#)
- [RedHat/CentOS ????](#)