

# ????

????

?????

```
==  
!=  
>  
<  
>=  
<=  
in
```

?????

```
&& # AND  
|| # OR  
! # NOT
```

?????

- type: host, port
- dir: src, dst
- proto: tcp, udp, ftp, http

## SIP ??

tcpdump

```
timeout 6m tcpdump -i eth0 host <sip-trunk-ip> -n -s 0 -vvvv -w carrier.pcap
```

Wireshark

- ??? sip ??? filter ??? <https://www.wireshark.org/docs/dfref/s/sip.html>

??? REGISTER ??Filter: `sip.CSeq.method == REGISTER`

??

??????

```
ssh root@192.168.0.1 tcpdump -n -i any -w- 'not \( port 22 and host 192.168.0.1 \)' |etherape  
-r-
```

Filter ???

# Wireshark Display Filter Cheat Sheet

www.cellstream.com www.netscionline.com

## Operators and Logic

eq or ==	lt or <	and or && Logical AND	not or ! Logical NOT
ne or !=	ge or >=	or or    Logical OR	[n] [] Substring operator
gt or >	le or <=	xor or ^^ Logical XOR	

## LAYER 1

frame	frame.ignored	frame.number	frame.time_delta
frame.cap_len	frame.len	frame.p2p_dir	frame.time_delta_displayed
frame.coloring_rule.name	frame.link_nr	frame.protocols	frame.time_epoch
frame.coloring_rule.string	frame.marked	frame.ref_time	frame.time_invalid
frame.file_off	frame.md5_hash	frame.time	frame.time_relative

## LAYER 2

### Ethernet

eth.addr	eth.multicast
eth.dst	eth.src
eth.ig	eth.trailer
eth.len	eth.type
eth.lg	

### ARP

arp.dst.hw_mac	arp.proto.size
arp.dst.proto_ipv4	arp.proto.type
arp.hw.size	arp.src.hw_mac
arp.hw.type	arp.src.proto_ipv4
arp.opcode	

### 802.1Q VLAN

vlan.cfi	vlan.len
vlan.etype	vlan.priority
vlan.id	vlan.trailer

### PPP

ppp.address	ppp.direction
ppp.control	ppp.protocol

### VLAN Trunking Protocol

vtp.code	vtp.version
vtp.conf_rev_num	vtp.vlan_info.802_10_index
vtp.followers	vtp.vlan_info.isl_vlan_id
vtp.md	vtp.vlan_info.len
vtp.md5_digest	vtp.vlan_info.mtu_size
vtp.md_len	vtp.vlan_info.status.vlan_susp
vtp.neighbor	vtp.vlan_info.tlv_len
vtp.seq_num	vtp.vlan_info.tlv_type
vtp.start_value	vtp.vlan_info.vlan_name
vtp.upd_id	vtp.vlan_info.vlan_name_len
vtp.upd_ts	vtp.vlan_info.vlan_type

### DTP

dtp.neighbor	dtp.tlv_type
dtp.tlv_len	dtp.version

### MPLS

mpls.bottom	mpls.oam.defect_location
mpls.cw.control	mpls.oam.defect_type
mpls.cw.res	mpls.oam.frequency
mpls.exp	mpls.oam.function_type
mpls.label	mpls.oam.ttsi
mpls.aom.bip16	mpls.ttl

## Frame Relay

fr.becn	fr.control.p	fr.dlci	fr.snap.oui
fr.chdlctype	fr.control.s_ftype	fr.dlcore_control	fr.snap.pid
fr.control	fr.control.u_modifier_cmd	fr.ea	fr.snaptype
fr.control_f	fr.control.u_modifier_resp	fr.fecr	fr.third_dlci
fr.control.ftype	fr.cr	fr.lower_dlci	fr.upper_dlci
fr.control.n_r	fr.dc	fr.nlpid	
fr.control.n_s	fr.de	fr.second_dlci	

## LAYER 3

### IP v4

ip.addr	ip.fragment.overlap.conflict
ip.checksum	ip.fragments
ip.checksum_bad	ip.fragment.toolongfragment
ip.checksum_good	ip.hdr_len
ip.dsfield	ip.host

### IP v6

ipv6.addr	ipv6.hop_opt
ipv6.class	ipv6.host
ipv6.dst	ipv6.mipv6_home_address
ipv6.dst_host	ipv6.mipv6_length
ipv6.dst_opt	ipv6.mipv6_type

# Wireshark

- Frame number from the beginning of the packet capture — No.
- Seconds from the first frame — Time
- Source address, commonly an IPv4, IPv6 or Ethernet address — Source (src)
- Destination address — Destination (dst)
- Protocol used in the Ethernet frame, IP packet, or TC segment — Protocol
- Length of the frame in bytes — Length

## Packet Columns

## Logical Operators

- and or && — Logical AND — All the conditions should match
- or or || — Logical OR — Either all or one of the conditions should match
- xor or ^ — Logical XOR — Exclusive alterations - only one of the two conditions should match not both
- not or ! — Not (Negation) — Not equal to
- [n] [...] — Substring operator — Filter a specific word or text

## Packet Filter

- ip.dst == 192.168.1.1 — Equal — eq or ==
- ip.dst != 192.168.1.1 — Not equal — ne or !=
- frame.len > 10 — Greater than — gt or >
- frame.len < 10 — less than — lt or <
- frame.len >= 10 — Greater than or equal — ge or >=
- frame.len <= 10 — Less than or equal — le or <=

## Filter Types

- Capture Filter — Filter packets during capture
- Display Filter — Hide packets from a capture display

## Capturing Modes

- Sets interface to capture all packets on a network segment to which it is associated to — Promiscuous mode
- Setup the wireless interface to capture all traffic it can receive (Unix/Linux only) — Monitor Mode

## Miscellaneous

- Slice Operator — [...] Range of values
- Membership Operator — {} - In
- CTRL + E — Start/Stop Capturing

## Capture Filter Syntax

tcp src 192.168.1.1.80 and tcp dst 202.164.30.1

## Display Filter Syntax

http dest dest == 192.168.1.1 and tcp port

## Keyboard Shortcuts

- Move to the next packet in the selection history — Atl + → or option + →
- In the packet detail, opens the selected tree item. — →
- In the packet detail, open the selected tree items and all of its subtrees. — Shift + →
- In the packet detail, opens all tree items. — Ctrl + →
- In the packet detail, close all the tree items. — Ctrl + ←
- In the packet detail, jumps to the parent node. — Backspace
- In the packet detail, toggles the selected tree item. — Return or Enter

- Tab or Shift + Tab — Move between screen elements, e.g. from the toolbars to the packet list to the packet detail.
- ↓ — Move to the next packet or detail item.
- ↑ — Move to the previous packet or detail item.
- Ctrl + ↓ or F8 — Move to the next packet, even if the packet list isn't found
- Ctrl + ↑ or F7 — Move to the previous packet, even if the packet list isn't found
- Ctrl + . — Move to next packet of the conversation (TCP, UDP or IP).
- Ctrl + , — Move to the previous packet of the conversation (TCP, UDP or IP).

## Protocols

- lat
- sca
- moprc
- mopdl
- tcp
- udp
- ether
- fdci
- ip
- arp
- rarp
- decnet

## Common Filtering Commands

- http.host == "host name" — Filter by URL
- frame.time >= "Feb 02, 2023 18:10:00" — Filter by time stamp
- tcp.flags.syn == 1 and tcp.flags.ack == 0 — Filter SYN Flag
- wlan.fc.type\_subtype == 0x08 — Wireshark Beacon Filter
- eth.dst == ffffffff — Wireshark Broadcast Filter
- (eth.dst[0] & 1) — Wireshark Multicast Filter
- ip.host = hostname — Host name Filter
- eth.addr == 00:80:d3:24:52:c4 — MAC address Filter
- tcp.flags.reset == 1 — RST flag filter

- Wireshark Filter by IP — ip.addr == 192.168.0.2
- Filter by Destination IP — ip.dst == 192.168.0.2
- Filter by Source IP — ip.src == 192.168.0.2
- Filter by IP range — ip.addr >= 192.168.0.2 and ip.addr <= 192.168.0.200
- Filter by Multiple Ips — ip.addr == 192.168.0.2 and ip.addr == 192.168.0.20
- Filter out IP address — ! (ip.addr == 192.168.0.2)
- Filter subnet — ip.addr == 192.168.0.2/24
- Filter by port — tcp.port == 25
- Filter by destination port — tcp.dstport == 23
- Filter by ip address and port — ip.addr == 192.168.0.2 and Tcp.port == 25

## Main Toolbar Items

- Jump forward in the packet history — Go → Go forward — Go Forward
- Go to specific packet — Go → Go to Packet... — Go to Packet...
- Jump to first packet of the capture file — Go → Go to First Packet — Go to First Packet
- Jump to last packet of the capture file — Go → Go to Last Packet — Go to Last Packet
- Auto scroll packet list during live capture — View → Auto Scroll in Live Capture — Auto Scroll in Live Capture
- Colorize the packet list (or not) — View → Colorize — Colorize
- Zoom into the packet data (increase the font size) — View → Zoom In — Zoom In
- Zoom out of the packet data (decrease the font size) — View → Zoom Out — Zoom Out
- Set zoom level back to 100% — View → Normal Size — Normal Size
- Resize columns, so the content fits the width — View → Resize Columns — Resize Columns

- Start — Capture → Start — Uses the same packet capturing options as the previous session, or uses defaults if no options were set
- Stop — Capture → Stop — Stops currently active capture
- Restart — Capture → Restart — Restart active capture session
- Options... — Capture → Options... — Opens "Capture Options" dialog box
- Open... — File → Open... — Opens "File Open" dialog box to load a capture for viewing
- Save as... — File → Save as... — Save current capture file
- Close — File → Close — Close current capture file
- Reload — File → Reload — Reload current capture file
- Find Packet... — Edit → Find Packet... — Find packet based on different criteria
- Go Back — Go → Go back — Jump back in the packet history



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<https://in.linkedin.com/company/hackingarticles>



<https://github.com/ignitetechnologies>



# Useful Wireshark Filters



- ✓ **ip.addr == 10.0.0.1** Show all traffic with 10.0.0.1 as either source or destination
- ✓ **ip.addr == 10.0.0.0/24** Show all traffic to and from any address in 10.0.0.0/24
- ✓ **ip.src == 10.0.0.1 && ip.dst == 10.0.0.2** Show all traffic from 10.0.0.1 to 10.0.0.2
- ✓ **!(ip.addr == 10.0.0.1)** Exclude all traffic to or from 10.0.0.1
- ✓ **icmp.type == 3** Show ICMP "destination unreachable" packets
- ✓ **tcp or udp** Show TCP or UDP traffic
- ✓ **tcp.port == 80** Show TCP traffic with port 80
- ✓ **tcp.srcport < 1000** Show TCP traffic with src port range
- ✓ **http or dns** Show all HTTP or DNS traffic
- ✓ **tcp.flags.syn == 1** Show TCP packets with SYN flag set
- ✓ **tcp.flags == 0x012** Show TCP packets with both SYN and ACK flags set
- ✓ **tcp.analysis.retransmission** Show all retransmitted TCP packets
- ✓ **http.request.method == "GET"** Show TCP packets associated with HTTP GET
- ✓ **http.response.code == 404** Show packets associated with HTTP 404 response
- ✓ **http.host == "www.test.com"** Show HTTP traffic matching the Host header field
- ✓ **tls.handshake** Show only TLS handshake packets
- ✓ **tls.handshake.type == 1** Show client Hello packet during TLS handshake
- ✓ **dhcp and ip.addr == 10.0.0.0/24** Show DHCP traffic for 10.0.0.0/24 subnet
- ✓ **dhcp.hw.mac\_addr == 00:11:22:33:44:55** Show DHCP packets for client MAC addr
- ✓ **dns.resp.name == cnn.com** Show DNS responses with name field of "cnn.com"
- ✓ **frame contains keyword** Show all packets that contain the word "keyword"
- ✓ **frame.len > 1000** Show all packets with total length larger than 1000 bytes
- ✓ **eth.addr == 00:11:22:33:44:55** Show all traffic to or from the specified MAC addr
- ✓ **eth[0x47:2] == 01:80** Match Ethernet frames with 2 bytes at offset 0x47 == 01:80
- ✓ **!(arp or icmp or stp)** Filter out background traffic from ARP, ICMP and STP
- ✓ **vlan.id == 100** Show packets with VLAN ID 100



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